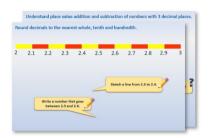
Year 4: Week 3, Day 1

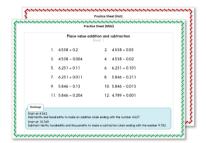
Equivalent fractions

Each day covers one maths topic. It should take you about 1 hour or just a little more.

1. Start by reading through the **Learning Reminders**. They come from our *PowerPoint* slides.



Tackle the questions on the Practice Sheet.
 There might be a choice of either Mild (easier) or Hot (harder)!
 Check the answers.

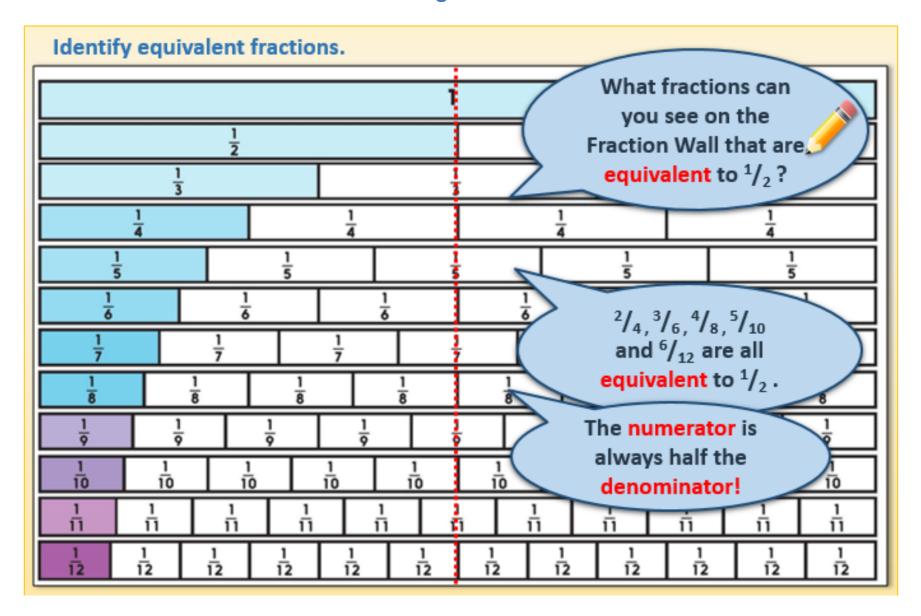


3. Finding it tricky? That's OK... have a go with a grown-up at A Bit Stuck?

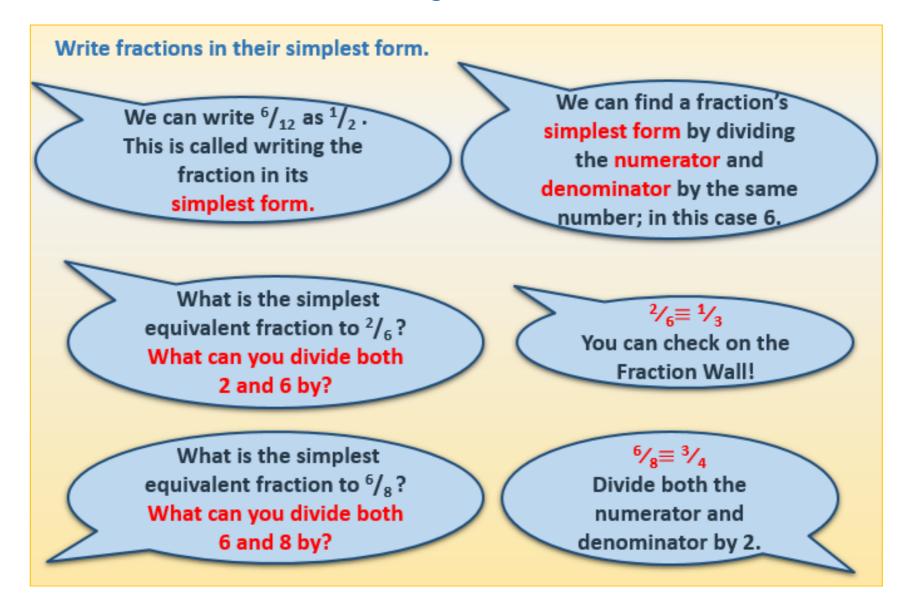


4. Think you've cracked it? Whizzed through the Practice Sheets? Have a go at the **Investigation**...

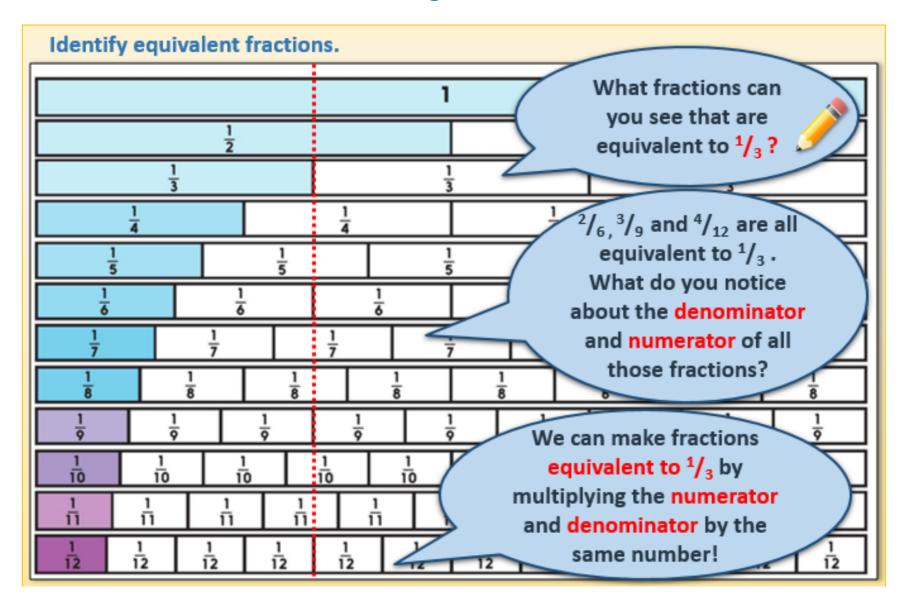
Learning Reminders



Learning Reminders



Learning Reminders



Practice Sheet Mild

Fractions practice

Draw a circle round all the fractions which are equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$. Draw a square round all the fractions which are equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$.

Challenge

Write at least two more fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ and two more equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$.

Practice Sheet Hot

Fractions practice

Use the fraction wall to help you to write pairs of equivalent fractions.

			1				
	1/2				1/2		
$\frac{1}{3}$			<u>1</u> 3			1/3	
1/4		1/4		1/4		1/4	
<u>1</u> 5	1 5		<u>1</u> 5		<u>1</u> 5	<u>1</u> 5	
16	16	16	1	1 5	16		16
1 7	1 7	17	1 7	<u>1</u>	1 7		1 7
1 8	18	18	1 8		18	18	18
1 9	19	19	1 9	19	19	19	19
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 10	1 1 10 10	<u>1</u> 10	<u>1</u> 10	<u>1</u> 10	<u>1</u> 10	<u>1</u> 10
1 1 11	1 1 11 11	1 11	1 11	1 11 i	1 1 11 11	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u> 11
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 12 12	1 12 1	<u>1</u> <u>1</u> 2	1/12	1 1 12 12	112	<u>1</u>

$$\frac{2}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{6}{6}$$

$$\frac{10}{12} \equiv \frac{6}{6}$$

$$\frac{8}{12} \equiv \frac{2}{3}$$

Challenge

How many more rows would we need to draw on the fraction wall to complete this pair of equivalent fractions: $\frac{5}{7} \equiv \frac{10}{10}$?

Practice Sheet Answers

Fractions practice (Mild)

5 10

Challenge

Other fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ are $\frac{6}{12}$, $\frac{7}{14}$, $\frac{8}{16}$, $\frac{11}{22}$, etc.

Other fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$ are $\frac{6}{24}$, $\frac{7}{28}$, $\frac{8}{32}$, $\frac{9}{36}$, etc.

Fractions practice (Hot)

$$\frac{2}{8} \equiv \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \equiv \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{9}{9} = \frac{3}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{8}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \equiv \frac{3}{4} \qquad \frac{3}{9} \equiv \frac{1}{3} \qquad \frac{6}{9} \equiv \frac{2}{3}
\frac{3}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{4} \qquad \frac{4}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{3} \qquad \frac{6}{12} \equiv \frac{1}{2}
\frac{10}{12} \equiv \frac{5}{6} \qquad \frac{8}{12} \equiv \frac{2}{3} \qquad \frac{9}{12} \equiv \frac{3}{4}$$

4 16

Challenge

We would need two more rows: $\frac{1}{13}$ s and $\frac{1}{14}$ s to give $\frac{5}{7} \equiv \frac{10}{14}$

A Bit Stuck? The Half family

Work in pairs

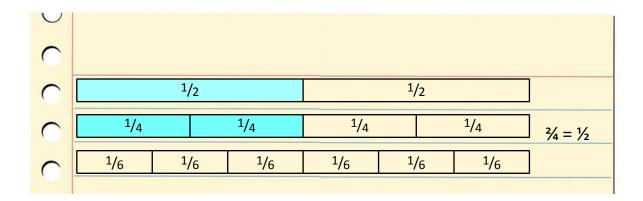
Things you will need:

- A pencil
- A fraction wall
- Coloured pencil
- Scissors
- Glue sticks

WE

What to do:

- Colour in $\frac{1}{2}$ of the strip divided into halves.
- Cut the fraction wall into strips.
- Lay each strip one at a time next to the strip of halves until you find a number of fractions which are the same size as $\frac{1}{2}$. Colour in half of this strip.
- Repeat for each strip until you have found all the fractions which are equivalent (same size) to $\frac{1}{2}$.
- · Stick these fractions under one another.
- · Write the pairs of equivalent fractions.



S-t-r-e-t-c-h:

Cut another fraction wall into strips. Colour in one quarter of the strips of quarters. Look for fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$, stick under strips of quarters and write the pairs of equivalent fractions.

Learning outcomes:

- I can find fractions which are equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$.
- \cdot I am beginning to find fractions which are equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$.

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A Bit Stuck?
The Half family

1										
		1/2					1,	/2		
	1/3			1,	/3			1/	3	
1/2	4		1/4		1/4 1/4			1/4		
1/5		1/5	1/5 1/5				1/5		1/5	
1/6		1/6	1/6		1	/6	1/6		1/6	
1/7	1/	7	1/7	1,	/7	1/7		1/7	1/7	
1/8	1/8	1/8	3	1/8	1/8	3	1/8	1/8	1/8	
1/9	1/9	1/9	1/9	1,	/9	1/9	1/9	1/9	9 1/9	
1/10 1/10										
1/11 1/11 <td< td=""></td<>										
1/12 1/1	1/12 1/12									

A Bit Stuck?
The Half family

1										
	1,	/2					1,	/2		
1/3				1,	/3			1,	/3	
1/4	1/4 1/2			1/4 1/4					1/4	
1/5		1/5	1/5		/5		1/5		1/	5
¹ / ₆	1,	/ 6	1/6		1/6 1,		/6	1	^L /6	
1/7	1/7		1/7	1,	/7	1/7	,	1/7		1/7
1/8	1/8	1/8		1/8	1/3	8	1/8	1/8		1/8
1/9	1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9 1/9						1/9			
1/10 1/10 <th< td=""></th<>										
1/11 1/11 <th< td=""></th<>										
1/12 1/12	2 1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12	1/12

 $4 + ? = x cm^3 \frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{2} \times m^2 \times \% + \frac{1}{2} - cm ? \times \div \frac{1}{2}$

Investigation

Best score for me!

1. Use this line of fraction cards.

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{3} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{2}{3} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{4} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{5} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{5} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{6} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{5}{6} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{8} \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{8} \end{array}\right)$

2. Choose a fraction, e.g. $\frac{3}{4}$

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- 3. Look at the first square below.
- 4. Identify two numbers, which, one over the other, make an equivalent fraction to the one chosen, e.g. $\frac{9}{12}$
- 5. Write the equivalent fraction below the appropriate fraction card.
- 6. Cross out these two numbers on the first square.
- 7. Choose another fraction, and repeat, e.g. choose $\frac{1}{5}$, write $\frac{4}{20}$ and cross out 4 and 20.
- 7. Keep going like this. You cannot use a crossed-out number on your square for a second time!
- 8. For how many fraction cards did you manage to write equivalent fractions underneath? A good score is anything over 6, but you are chasing 9 or 10!

What sort of fractions is it best to choose first? Why?

Why is it not sensible to choose $\frac{1}{2}$ first?

Which numbers on the square are never used?

1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36

1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36

1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36

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3

%

%

3

2	3	4	5	6
8	9	10	11	12
14	15	16	17	18
20	21	22	23	24
26	27	28	29	30
32	33	34	35	36
	8 14 20 26	8 9 14 15 20 21 26 27	8 9 10 14 15 16 20 21 22 26 27 28	8 9 10 11 14 15 16 17 20 21 22 23 26 27 28 29

	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24
Γ	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	32	33	34	35	36

1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36

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4 + ? = x cm3 1/2 ÷ £ 1/3 > m2 + % 4 5/6 - cm ? x ÷ 1/3